

MATRIX A

60.140, -16.70, -18.25, 3.3200, -48.60
 154.80, -37.56, -62.80, 25.400, -131.7
 -174.4, 51.900, 65.340, -15.10, 149.70
 -185.7, 51.600, 73.300, -23.46, 157.10
 75.600, -28.10, -20.10, -4.140, -61.26

STARTING VECTOR

1.0000
 .00000
 .00000
 .00000
 .00000

Direct Iteration

Number of decimal places = 6

Iter. Eigenvector

Alpha

1 -0.323855, -0.833602, .9391491, 1.000000, -.407108, -185.700
 100 -0.303409, -0.861028, .9355975, 1.000000, -.308025, 7.061830
 199 -0.305309, -0.859435, .9394785, 1.000000, -.317859, 7.840126
 298 -0.305282, -0.859457, .9394247, 1.000000, -.317723, 7.828178

Eigenvalue of largest modulus is 7.828371

Found in 347 iterations.

Corresponding eigenvector

(-0.305283, -0.859457, .9394256, 1.000000, -.317725)

Are you sure you are looking at the
 same eigenvalue now?

Change in element a_{13}
 -0.05
 -0.01

Change in eigenvalue
 of largest modulus
 -0.59127
 -0.12302

If the element a_{13} is changed by +0.05,
 the eigenvalue of largest modulus is
 now 7.828371 i.e. the eigenvalue
 -8.16627 has changed by at least
 0.3347899.

Change of +15

In two cases, the eigenvalue of
 largest modulus changes by a factor
 greater than ten the change in element
 a_{13} , so the largest eigenvalue is absolut-
 ely ill conditioned w.r.t small changes
 in value of element a_{13} .

Ignore this part

$1\frac{1}{2}/2$

1/1