

Question 5 (Unit 22)

This question is concerned with the system of differential equations

$$\dot{x}_1 = 13x_1 + 2x_2 - 20e^{2t},$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = 3x_1 + 8x_2.$$

- (i) Express the system of differential equations in the form

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) = \mathbf{B}\mathbf{x}(t) + \mathbf{h}(t),$$

where

$$\mathbf{x}(t) = [x_1(t) \ x_2(t)]^T, \quad \mathbf{h}(t) = [h_1(t) \ h_2(t)]^T$$

and \mathbf{B} is a constant 2×2 matrix.

[2]

- (ii) Find the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of the matrix \mathbf{B} . Hence find a matrix \mathbf{P} such that $\mathbf{P}^{-1}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{P}$ is a diagonal matrix.

[8]

- (iii) Find the general solution of the system of differential equations.

[15]

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}_1 &= 4e^{2t} + 7ce^{7t} + 28De^{14t} = 26e^{2t} + 17e^{7t} + 26De^{14t} \\ &\quad + 20De^{14t} - 2e^{2t} = 6ce^{7t} - 20e^{2t} \\ -2e^{2t} - 21ce^{7t} + 14De^{14t} &= 6e^{2t} + 3ce^{7t} + 6De^{14t} \\ &\quad + 8De^{14t} - 3e^{2t} - 24ce^{7t} \end{aligned}$$