

(2)

$\det A = \sum (-1)^S a_{i_1 j_1} a_{i_2 j_2} \dots a_{i_n j_n}$
 where S is the number of transpositions required to restore i_1, i_2, \dots, i_n to their natural order.

$$(\det A)' = \sum (-1)^S a'_{i_1 j_1} a_{i_2 j_2} \dots a_{i_n j_n} + \dots + \sum (-1)^S a_{i_1 j_1} a'_{i_2 j_2} \dots a_{i_n j_n}$$

evaluated at $t=0$.

$a_{ij} = 0$ if $i \neq j$, 1 if $i = j$, therefore each sum of the form

$$\sum (-1)^S a_{i_1 j_1} \dots a'_{i_p j_p} \dots a_{i_n j_n} = 0 \text{ if}$$

all the elements except the p th are not diagonal, but then the p th is diagonal and $S=0$

$\therefore (\det A)'(0) = \text{Sum of all diagonal elements whose differential is evaluated at } 0, \text{ i.e. } (\det A)'(0) = (\text{Tr } A)'(0)$