

The equation is satisfied for all ϵ in an interval, by assumption so equating ^{coefficients of} powers of ϵ to zero gives

(5)

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y_0}{\partial \eta^2} + \frac{\partial Y_0}{\partial \eta} = 0 \quad \checkmark \quad (3) \quad (1)$$

$$2 \frac{\partial^2 Y_0}{\partial x \partial \eta} + \frac{\partial^2 Y_1}{\partial \eta^2} + \frac{\partial Y_0}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial Y_1}{\partial \eta} + x^2 Y_0^2 = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\partial Y_0}{\partial \eta} + Y_0 \right) = 0$$

$$\int \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\partial Y_0}{\partial \eta} + Y_0 \right) d\eta = \int 0 d\eta$$

$$\frac{\partial Y_0}{\partial \eta} + Y_0 = A(x)$$

$$\int \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (Y_0 e^\eta) d\eta = \int A(x) e^\eta d\eta$$

$$Y_0 e^\eta = A(x) e^\eta + B(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_0(x, \eta) = A(x) + B(x) e^{-\eta} \quad \checkmark$$

Sub into (2).

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y_1}{\partial \eta^2} + \frac{\partial Y_1}{\partial \eta} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 Y_0}{\partial x \partial \eta} + \frac{\partial Y_0}{\partial x} + x^2 Y_0^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial Y_0}{\partial \eta} = -B(x) e^{-\eta} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 Y_0}{\partial x \partial \eta} = -\frac{\partial B}{\partial x} e^{-\eta}$$

$$\frac{\partial Y_0}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial A}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial x} e^{-\eta}$$

$$x^2 Y_0^2 = x^2 A^2 + 2x^2 A B e^{-\eta} + x^2 B^2 e^{-2\eta}$$

Then we have

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y_1}{\partial \eta^2} + \frac{\partial Y_1}{\partial \eta} + 2 \frac{\partial B}{\partial x} e^{-\eta} + \frac{\partial A}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial x} e^{-\eta} + x^2 A^2 + 2x^2 A B e^{-\eta} + x^2 B^2 e^{-2\eta} = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

(5)