

mapped to elements of order 2.  
 The first element under the map has 3 choices of image, the second element has 2 choices, and the third element has only one choice. There are therefore  $3 \times 2 \times 1 = 6$  possible isomorphisms.

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ii) a)  $G = S_3 \times C_2$

see opp. for subgroup it has order 1. By the properties of the external direct products of groups

$S_3$  has a subgroup  $A_3$ , cyclic of order 3 and normal in  $S_3$  (since it has index 2 in  $S_3$ ).  $C_2$  has a subgroup consisting of the identity, i.e.  $\{e\}$ . By the properties of the external direct products of groups,  $A_3 \times \{e\}$  is a subgroup of  $G$ .

A general element of  $G$  has form  $(s, c)$ ,  $s \in S_3$ ,  $c \in C_2$  and

$$\begin{aligned} (s, c) \cdot (A_3, \{e\}) \cdot (s^{-1}, c^{-1}) &= (s A_3 s^{-1}, c \{e\} c^{-1}) \\ &= (A_3, \{e\}) \end{aligned}$$

Since  $A_3$  is normal in  $S_3$ ,  $(A_3, \{e\})$  is normal in  $G$ .

$$G / (A_3 \times \{e\}) \cong (S_3 / A_3) \times C_2 \cong C_2 \times C_2$$

$\therefore G / (A_3 \times \{e\})$  is isomorphic to the Klein group, hence not cyclic.

b)  $G = \{A_3 \times \{e\}, (12)A_3 \times \{e\}, A_3 \times \{13\}, (12)A_3 \times \{13\}\}$

Klein group has trivial <sup>sub</sup>group, 3 subgroups order 2 and the whole group.  $\therefore$  subgroups of  $G$  & corresponding subgroups of  $G/N$  are:

- 1)  $(A_3, \{e\})$  (corresponding to  $A_3 \times \{e\}$ )
- 2)  $\{(A_3, \{e\}), (A_3, \{13\})\}$  (corresponding to  $A_3 \times C_2$ )
- 3)  $\{(A_3, \{e\}), (12)A_3, \{e\}\}$  ( $S_3 \times \{e\}$ )
- 4)  $\{(A_3, \{e\}), ((12)A_3, \{13\})\}$  (isomorphic to  $S_3$ )

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